1910.1200 HAZARD COMMUNICATION

NOTE: THIS SAMPLE PROGRAM IS PROVIDED TO ASSIST IN

COMPLYING WITH 29 CFR 1910.1200, HAZARD

COMMUNICATION. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO SUPERSEDE

THE REQUIREMENTS DETAILED IN THE STANDARD.

EMPLOYERS SHOULD REVIEW THE STANDARD FOR

PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS WHICH ARE APPLICABLE TO

THEIR SPECIFIC SITUATION AND TO MAKE THE

NECESSARY CHANGES. EMPLOYERS WILL NEED TO ADD

INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THEIR PARTICULAR FACILITY

IN ORDER TO DEVELOP AN EFFECTIVE, COMPREHENSIVE

PROGRAM.

HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

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BACKGROUND

This written hazard communication program not only meets OSH	A requirements, but
also ensures that	employees are
effectively informed concerning potential and existing chemical ha	zards. Hazard
Communication is one important aspect of	
Occupational Safety and Health Program, which includes:	

- * Management commitment and active support.
- * Engineering controls for safety and health hazards.
- * Enforcement of safety rules and programs.
- * Recognition, Evaluation, and control of occupational safety and health hazards.
- * Medical Surveillance.
- * Assigned safety and health responsibility and accountability.

PURPOSE

The purpose of this Hazard Communication Program is to inform our employees of all potential or existing chemical hazards.

APPROACH

The method used to inform employees include:

- Container labeling and other forms of warning.
- * Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS's).
- * Employee education and training.

APPLICATION

This hazard communication program applies to:

- * Known occupational safety and health hazards.
- * Chemicals known to be present in the workplace in such a manner that employees may be exposed under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency.

_____ is responsible for identifying chemical hazards from material safety data sheets (MSDS's) provided by chemical manufacturers and distributors.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS's)

MSDS's are prepared and distributed my manufacturers and distributors of hazardous materials. All chemical manufacturer and distributors must obtain or develop a MSDS for each hazardous material they produce or import. A hazardous material is one that is

either a physical hazard (i.e., flammable, oxidizer, etc.) or a health hazard (i.e., causes				
acute or chronic health effects).				
maintains the MSDS file for all hazardous				
materials used or handled in company workplace. He reviews each data sheet to make				
sure it is complete and that there are not obvious errors, and replaces old data sheets				
with the new ones that accompany shipments of materials.				
MSDS's are in English and contain the following information:				
* The identity of the chemical.				
* The physical and chemical characteristics.				
* The physical and health hazards.				
* Primary routes of entry.				
* Exposure limits.				
* Precautions for safe handling.				
* Controls to limit exposure.				
* Emergency and first aid procedures.				
* Name of manufacturer or distributor.				
MSDS AVAILABILITY				
maintains copies of all MSDS's for each hazardous				
material in the workplace and makes them readily accessible during each workshift to				

employees when they are in their work area(s). Employees may review the MSDS's for

the materials they work with at the time, while they are in their work area. They also may request a copy of an MSDS if they wish. Copies of MSDS's for materials used in each work area are maintained in that work area, during all shifts. Upon request, the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) and OSHA have access to our MSDS's.

MATERIAL INVENTORY

Below is a list of the hazardous chemical(s) used or stored at this location. These	
chemicals are referenced to their appropriate MSDS's and are as follows:	

Employees wishing to see this list should contact their supervisor.

LABELS AND OTHER FORMS OF WARNINGS

Chemical manufacturers, importers, and distributors provide labels, tags, or other markings for containers of hazardous chemicals. This identification includes the following information:

- Identity of the hazardous chemical.
- * Appropriate hazard warnings.

* Name and address of the chemical manufacturer, distributor, or other
responsible parties.
requires that containers of hazardous materials in
the workplace are labeled, tagged or marked with the identity of the hazardous chemical
and appropriate hazard warning. Occasionally, signs, placards, process sheets, batch
tickets, operating procedures, or similar accessible written materials are used, instead of
affixing labels to individual containers.
Portable containers of hazardous chemicals do not have to be labeled if they contain
chemicals transferred from labelled containers, which are intended only for the
immediate use of the employee who performs the transfer.
All labels on incoming containers must not be defaced in any way. Missing or defaced
labels must be immediately reported to Finishing Supervisors so appropriate labels can
be reapplied immediately.
EMPLOYEE INFORMATION, EDUCATION, AND TRAINING
Any information, education, and training program is provided by
to make sure employees know about hazardous chemicals in the
workplace and the appropriate control measures to reduce exposure to them. This
program is coordinated by

New employees receive appropriate safety and health information, education, and training during their initial assignment. This training includes information about hazardous materials and processes in the workplace through the use of printed materials and classroom instruction.

New employee safety and health training program begins upon hire by the personnel department and continues with on-site training by the new employee's department supervision. The specific information in the safety and health training includes:

- General chemical hazards.
- * Hazards associated with non-routine tasks.
- * Recognition, evaluation, and control of hazardous chemicals.
- * Chemical labeling.
- * Hazards associated with unlabelled piping and processing systems.
- * MSDS's.
- Access to information on hazardous chemicals.
- Compliance with safety and health rules and regulations.
- Requirements of Federal Hazard Communication Regulations.
- Specific hazards present in the work areas.
- * The location and availability of the written Hazard Communication Program and all supporting information.
- * The measures employees can take to protect themselves from hazards, including pertinent work practices, company emergency procedures, and

personal protective equipment.

All employees are informed by supervision concerning the

Hazard Communication Program and an explanation of the company's labelling system, MSDS's and how appropriate hazard information may be obtained by employees.

RETRAINING

It is necessary for work area supervision to provide additional employee training concerning workplace hazards when:

- * New materials or processes are introduced into the workplace.
- * Process or equipment changes are made that could cause new or increased employee exposure.
- * Procedures or work practices are introduced, or changed, which could cause changes in the employees' exposure.
- * Employees are transferred from one work area to another where different hazards are present.

A permanent record of all employee training is maintained in the employee's personnel folder.

NON-ROUTINE TASKS

The supervisor of an employee performing a non-routine task, such as cleaning process equipment, is responsible for properly training the employee concerning the potential hazards associated with the task. The employee also shares in this responsibility by making sure that his/her immediate supervisor knows that the non-routine task will be

performed.

CONTRACTOR

All contractors working on company property are notified by company management of
hazardous materials to which the contractor's employees will be exposed to while
working on company property. Also, proper controls will be established to ensure that
operations do not expose the contractor's
employees to safety and health hazards. Copies of MSDS's for all materials the
contractor's employees may be exposed to will be provided to the contractor by
(management).
PROGRAM AVAILABILITY(Company name) Hazard Communication Program
is available upon request to:

- * Employees.
- * OSHA Representatives.
- * NIOSH Representatives.

ATTACHMENT A-1 CERTIFICATION OF TRAINING

I CERTIFY THAT I HAVE RECEIVED TRAINING UNDER	'S
HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM. I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT I	
UNDERSTAND THE PROCEDURES AND WILL ABIDE BY THOSE	
PROCEDURES.	
AUTHORIZED EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE DATE	